

SunFlo 800 SC

Act No. 36 of 1947 / Wet Nr. 36 van 1947

SA Reg. No. L11000

**READ ATTACHED PACKAGED LEAFLET BEFORE USE
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND ANIMALS**

GROUP	M02	FUNGICIDE
GROUP	UN	INSECTICIDE

PRODUCT INFO:

A suspension concentrate fungicide and acaricide for the control of Powdery mildew, other fungal diseases, certain mites and thrips in various crops as indicated.

PRODUK INFO:

'n Suspensie konsentraat swam- en mytdoder vir die beheer van Poeieragtige meeldou, ander swam siektes, myte en blaaspootjies in gewasse soos aangedui.



WARNING

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Causes skin irritation
Causes eye irritation

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye, and face protection.
Wash hands, face, and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.

Active Ingredient / Aktiewe Bestanddeel

Sulphur

800 g/ℓ

Swael

Net (ℓ) SEE CONTAINER

Registration Holder / Registrasiehouer



Product approved for use in organic farming according to (EC)889/2008 Annex II; sulphur, and JAS Not. 1605 by Ceres GmbH.



ICA International Chemicals (Pty) Ltd. • Reg. No. 2001/013319/07
28 Planken Street • Plankenbrug Industrial • STELLENBOSCH • 7600
SOUTH AFRICA • Tel. +27-21 886 9812 • www.icaonline.co.za

Batch No.
Date of Manufacture

**SEE
CONTAINER**

Lot Nr.
Datum van Vervaardiging

Human Poison Helpline +27-861 555 777 • Griffon Poison Information Centre +27-82 446 8946

SP003-002

SunFlo 800 SC

Act No. 36 of 1947
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A suspension concentrate, fungicide and acaricide for the control of powdery mildew, other fungal diseases, certain mites and thrips in various crops as indicated.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

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WARNINGS

Causes skin irritation
Causes eye irritation

WITHHOLDING PERIODS (Minimum number of days between last application and harvest):

▶ Grapes (Table) 6 weeks

Compliance with these withholding periods and application methods will ensure that residues do not exceed local maximum residue limits (MRL) but may not meet the import requirements of other countries. If the crop to be treated is intended for export, consult the relevant importer or exporting body regarding the use of this product, MRL and recommended waiting periods. Although **SunFlo 800 SC** is regarded as crop-safe on most of the important cultivars, this does not mean that a more sensitive cultivar might be available in future. **SunFlo 800 SC** must be tested on new cultivars prior to usage over big areas.

RE-ENTRY INTERVAL: Do not enter treated area until spray deposit has dried, unless wearing protective clothing.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions, because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the disease against the remedy concerned as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, and the environment or harm to man/animal or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned, due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions, which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Wash hands, face and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.
Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye and face protection.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of clean water and non-abrasive soap.
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical help.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
For specific treatment, see first aid measures.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Collect spillage.
Dispose of contents and container in accordance with national regulations.

TRIPLE RINSE THE EMPTY CONTAINER AS FOLLOWS: Containers must be completely emptied before being disposed of. Invert the empty container over the spray or mixing tank and drain for at least 30 seconds until the flow has slowed down to a drip. Thereafter rinse the empty container three times in succession with one quarter of the container volume fresh water and decant the rinsate into the spray or mixing tank. Puncture the triple rinsed container and dispose of via an approved collector or recycler (www.croplife.co.za). Do not bury, burn, or donate the container to any other parties that may use it as a container for food or beverages.

RELEVANT SUBSTANCES:

Sulphur (Cas no: 7704-34-9) Skin Irritation Category 2, H315; Flammable Solid Category 2, H228 (80 % w/v).
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediy), alpha-sulfo-omega-[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenoxy]-, ammonium salt (Cas no: 119432-41-6) Eye Damage Category 1, H318; Aquatic Chronic Category 3, H412 (< 10 % w/v).

FIRST AID TREATMENT

In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice and show this LABEL.

INHALATION:

- Remove the victim from immediate source of exposure. Move victim to fresh air, if it can be done safely, and keep comfortable.
- If victim's breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration.
- DO NOT perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; wash face and mouth before giving artificial respiration. Use a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
- Administer oxygen if victim's breathing is difficult or irregular. Get medical help if you feel unwell.

- SKIN:**
- Remove and isolate contaminated clothing, shoes, and leather goods and take a shower.
 - Rinse affected areas cautiously with non-abrasive soap or mild detergent and large amounts of running water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical help if irritation develops and persists.
- EYES:**
- Rinse eyes IMMEDIATELY with clean running water for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids apart. Remove contact lenses after 5 minutes if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing while holding eyelids apart.
 - Do not rub eye(s). Seek immediate medical help if irritation continues.
- INGESTION:**
- If swallowed, rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT induce vomiting, unless instructed to do so by poison control centre or doctor.
 - If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head down to avoid breathing in of vomit, keep on giving fluids.
 - Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:**
- There is no specific antidote. All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient.
- POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED:**
- Causes skin and eye irritation. Effects from exposure to sulphur may include ulceration of the skin, conjunctivitis, inflammation of the nasal mucosa, shortness-of-breath, headache, nausea, and vomiting.

RESISTANCE WARNING

For resistance management: SunFlo 800 SC is a group code (M02) fungicide and (UN) insecticide. Any fungal and insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to SunFlo 800 SC and other group code (M02) fungicides and (UN) insecticide. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the fungal and insect population if these products are used repeatedly. These resistant fungi and insects may not be controlled by SunFlo 800 SC or any other group code (M02) fungicides and (UN) insecticides.

To prevent or delay fungicide/insecticide resistance:

- avoid exclusive repeated use of fungicides/insecticides from the same fungicide/insecticide group code. Alternate or tank mix with registered products from different group codes,
- for tank mixing or alternation with products in other group codes, refer to individual product labels,
- integrate other forms of control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into pest and disease control programmes.

For specific information on resistance management contact the registration holder of this product or contact your local supplier.

MODE OF ACTION

Sulphur is classified as a multisite fungicide. Once taken up by the fungus, sulfur disrupts the transfer of electrons causing the reduction of sulfur to hydrogen sulfide (H₂S), which is toxic to most cellular proteins. The resistance risk of sulphur is considered low.

Sulphur's mode of action against insects is unknown. Sulfur can kill insects if they touch it or eat it. It disrupts their normal body function, altering their ability to produce energy.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply SunFlo 800 SC under adverse weather conditions causing stress to the crop, such as high or low temperatures, high or low humidity, rain, or frost. Do not apply when the fruit is still wet as a result of rain or dew.
- Refer to DIRECTIONS FOR USE and APPLICATION TABLE for more information.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE – use only as directed

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS:

DO NOT apply SunFlo 800 SC under adverse weather conditions causing stress to the crop, such as high or low temperatures, high or low humidity, rain, or frost. DO NOT apply when the fruit is still wet as a result of rain or dew.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS:

Half-fill the spray tank with clean water, suitable for irrigation. The efficacy of SunFlo 800 SC may be influenced by the quality of the spray water.

Pre-mix SunFlo 800 SC as follows:

- Handle with care and wear gloves while preparing the pre-mix.
- Shake the SunFlo 800 SC container thoroughly before mixing.
- Add the required quantity of SunFlo 800 SC to 5 – 10 ℓ clean water to make a pre-mix suspension.
- Add this suspension to the spray tank and fill to the final required volume with water.
- Agitate spray mixture constantly before and during application.
- TANK MIXTURES MUST BE SPRAYED OUT IMMEDIATELY AND NOT ALLOWED TO STAND IN THE SPRAY TANK OVERNIGHT.**
- Clean applicator thoroughly after use and dispose of wash water where it will not contaminate crops, grazing, food, rivers or dams.

APPLICATION TABLE		
CROP / DISEASE	DOSAGE RATE: ℓ/ha	REMARKS
APPLES Bud mite <i>(Aceria sheldoni)</i> Powdery mildew <i>(Podosphaera leucotricha)</i>	3.0 – 4.5 ℓ	DO NOT apply to sulphur sensitive cultivars. High volume full cover spray required at closed bud stage. Pre-blossom: 300 – 400 mℓ/100 ℓ water Early post-blossom: 250 mℓ/100 ℓ water Late post-blossom: 200 mℓ/100 ℓ water
AVOCADOS Thrips <i>(Scirtothrips perseae)</i>	3.0 – 4.5 ℓ	Apply as soon as pest is noticed.

BEANS Thrips (<i>Scirtothrips</i> spp.) Red spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>)	2.0 – 3.0 ℓ	Apply as a full cover spray when pest is noticed. Repeat at 10 – 14 day intervals if necessary.
CITRUS Flat mite (<i>Brevipalpus lewisi</i>) Rust Mite (<i>Phyllocoptruta oleivora</i>) Grey mite (<i>Calacarus citrifolii</i>) Silver mite (<i>Polyphagotarsonemus latus</i>) Thrips (<i>Scirtothrips aurantii</i>)	3.0 – 4.5 ℓ	FULL COVER SPRAY Allow 4 weeks safety period between sulphur and mineral oil treatments. Apply when mites and thrips are noticed on fruit. Apply when first signs of blemishes are noticed on fruit during December – May. Spray whole orchard. Apply soon after petal drop. Repeat two (2) months later. Apply in spring. Apply when pest is first noticed. Repeat 10 days later if necessary.
CUCURBITS Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i> / <i>Sphaerotheca fuliginea</i>)	2.0 – 3.0 ℓ	DO NOT USE ON: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▸ Muskmelon ▸ Cucumbers Start application at first signs of disease and repeat every 7 – 14 days. Depending on the growth stage, apply up to 1500 ℓ spray mixture/ha. Ensure full coverage on all parts of the plant.
GRAPEVINE Powdery mildew (<i>Erysiphe necator</i>)	2.0 – 3.0 ℓ	WINTER RAINFALL REGION: Apply when shoots are approximately 10 cm long and repeat when vines are in the flowering stage and again about the first week in December. SUMMER RAIN FALL REGION: Start application mid-summer, particularly during drought, or when first symptoms are noticed. WARNING: Heavy applications may cause scorching, especially on warm days (Temperatures above 28 °C). Do not apply within 6 weeks before harvest of table grapes since it may result in visual residue deposits in table grapes.
MANGOES Powdery mildew (<i>Oidium mangiferae</i>)	3.0 – 4.5 ℓ	Apply as a full cover spray till runoff. Start application at the first signs of infection. Apply every 14 days during the flowering period from July – September.
ORNAMENTALS & FLOWERS Thrips (<i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i>) Red spider mite (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) Powdery mildew (<i>Podosphaera/Erysiphe</i> spp.)	2.0 ℓ (Max)	Full cover spray. Sulphur may injure some ornamentals. DO NOT apply on warm days. In case of roses, apply weekly.
PEACHES, PLUMS and APRICOTS Rust (<i>Tranzchelia</i> spp.)	1.5 – 3.0 ℓ	Winter rainfall region: Start application early in November. Summer rainfall region: Apply from middle February onwards or as soon as first symptoms are noticed.
PEACHES Powdery mildew (<i>Podosphaera pannosa</i>)	1.5 – 3.0 ℓ	Apply at first signs of infection. Repeat every 10 – 14 days if weather favours development of the disease. Dosage depends on severity of disease.
PEAS Powdery mildew (<i>Golovinomyces orontii</i>)	2.0 – 3.0 ℓ	Apply when first symptoms of disease appear and repeat every 7 – 10 days. Apply up to 1000 ℓ spray mixture/ha and ensure good coverage.

TOMATOES Rust mite (<i>Aculops lycopersici</i>)	2.0 – 4.0 ℓ	Full cover spray. Repeat every 2 – 4 weeks.
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SP002

SunFlo 800 SC

Wet Nr. 36 van 1947
SA Reg. Nr. L11000

'n Suspensie konsentraat swamdoder en mytdoder vir die beheer van poeieragtige meeldou, ander swamsiektes, myte en blaaspootjies in gewasse soos aangedui.

AKTIEWE BESTANDEDEL:

SWAEL 800 g/ℓ

GEREGISTREER DEUR:

ICA International Chemicals (Pty) Ltd., Reg. Nr. 2001/013319/07
Plankenstraat 28 • Plankenbrug Industrieel • Stellenbosch • 7600 • Suid-Afrika
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WAARSKUWINGS

Veroorsaak velirritasie
Veroorsaak oogirritasie

ONTHOUDINGSPERIODES (Minimum aantal dae tussen laaste toediening en oes):

► Druive (Tafel) 6 weke

Nakoming van hierdie onthoudingsperiodes en toedieningsmetodes sal verseker dat die plaaslike maksimum residu limiete (MRL) nie oorskry word nie, maar mag dalk nie voldoen aan die invoervereistes van ander lande nie. Indien die gewas wat behandel word bestem is vir uitvoer, raadpleeg die betrokke in- of uitvoerder rakende die gebruik van hierdie produk, die MRL en aanbevole onthoudingsperiodes. Alhoewel **SunFlo 800 SC** as gewasveilig beskou word op die meeste belangrike kultivars, beteken dit nie dat 'n meer sensitiewe kultivar in die toekoms op die mark kan kom nie. **SunFlo 800 SC** moet eers op nuwe kultivars getoets word voordat dit oor groot areas aangewend word.

HERBETREDINGSINTERVAL: Moenie behandelde gebied betree alvorens die spuitneerslag droog is nie, tensy beskermende oorklere gedra word.

Alhoewel hierdie middel omvattend onder 'n groot verskeidenheid toestande getoets is, waarborg die registrasiehouer nie dat dit onder alle toestande doeltreffend sal wees nie, aangesien die werking en effek daarvan beïnvloed kan word deur faktore soos abnormale grond-, klimaats- en bergingstoestande, kwaliteit van verdunningswater, verenigbaarheid met ander produkte wat nie op die etiket aangedui is nie en die voorkoms van weerstand teen die betrokke middel, sowel as die metode, tyd en akkuraatheid van toediening. Verder aanvaar die registrasiehouer nie verantwoordelikheid vir skade aan gewasse, plantegroei, die omgewing of vir nadelige effekte op mens of dier of vir 'n gebrek aan doeltreffendheid, as gevolg van die versuim van die gebruiker om die etiketaanwysings na te kom of as gevolg van die ontstaan van toestande wat nie kragtens die registrasie voorsien kon word nie. Raadpleeg die verskaffer in geval van enige onsekerheid.

VOORSORGMATREËLS

Indien mediese advies benodig word, hou die produkhouer of -etiket byderhand.
Hou buite bereik van kinders.
Lees sorgvuldig en volg alle instruksies.
Was hande, gesig en blootgestelde vel deeglik na hantering. Moet nie aan oë raak nie.
Dra beskermende handskoene, beskermende klere, oog- en gesigbeskerming.
INDIEN OP VEL: Was met baie water en nie-skurende seep.
Indien velirritasie ontstaan: Kry mediese hulp.
INDIEN IN OË: Spoel onmiddellik met water vir etlike minute. Verwyder kontaklense, indien aanwesig en maklik om te verwyder. Hou aan met speel.
Kry mediese hulp.
Indien oogirritasie voortduur: Kry mediese hulp.
Spesifieke behandeling, sien noodhulpbehandeling op die etiket.
Trek alle besoedelde klere uit en was dit voor hergebruik.
Maak stortsel bymekaar.
Raak ontslae van inhoud en houer volgens nasionale regulasies.

SPOEL DIE LEË HOUER DRIE MAAL SOOS VOLG: Die houers moet heeltemal leeg wees voordat dit aan 'n versamelaar of verwerker oorhandig word. Keer die leë houer om oor die spuit- of mengtenk en dreineer vir minstens 30 sekondes totdat die vloei tot 'n gedrup verminder het. Spoel daarna die leë houer drie keer uit met vars water, teen 'n kwart van die houer se volume, en giet die spoelwater in die spuit- of mengtenk. Kap gate in die drie keer gespoelde houer, waarna dit aan 'n goedgekeurde versamelaar of verwerker oorhandig moet word (www.croplife.co.za). Moenie die houer begrawe, verbrand of aan enige ander partye skenk wat dit as houer vir voedsel of drinkgoed mag gebruik nie.

RELEVANTE STOWWE:

Swael (Cas no: 7704-34-9) Velirritasie Kategorie 2, H315; Vlambare Vastestof Kategorie 2, H228 (80 % m/v).
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-sulfo-omega-[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenoxy]-, ammonium sout (Cas no: 119432-41-6) Oogskade Kategorie 1, H318;
Waterlewend Kronies Kategorie 3, H412 (< 10 % m/v).

NOODHULPBEHANDELING

In geval van 'n ongeluk of as u ongesteld voel, verkry mediese advies en toon die ETIKET.

INGEASEM:

- Neem die slagoffer weg van die onmiddellike bron van blootstelling. Verskuif die slagoffer na vars lug as dit veilig gedoen kan word en hou gemaklik.
- Indien die slagoffer ophou asemhaal, pas kunsmatige asemhaling toe.
- MOENIE mond-tot-mond-asemhaling toepas indien die slagoffer die stof opgeneem of ingeasem het nie; was gesig en mond voordat kunsmatige asemhaling toegepas word. Gebruik 'n sakmasker toegerus met 'n eenrigtingklep of ander geskikte mediese asemhalingtoestel.

- Dien suurstof toe as die slagoffer se asemhaling moeilik of onreëlmatig is. Kry mediese hulp indien u ongesteld voel.
- VEL:**
- Verwyder en isoleer besmette klere, skoene en leergoedere dadelik en gaan stort.
 - Spoel aangetaste areas met nieskurende seep of sagwerkende wasmiddel en groot hoeveelhede lopende water. Was besmette klere voor hergebruik. Kry mediese hulp indien irritasie ontwikkel en voortduur.
- OË:**
- Spoel oë ONMIDDELIK met skoon lopende water vir ten minste 15 minute terwyl die ooglede vanmekaar gehou word. Verwyder kontaklense na 5 minute indien aanwesig en maklik om te doen. Hou aan met spoel terwyl ooglede vanmekaar gehou word.
 - Moenie oë vryf nie. Kry mediese hulp indien irritasie voortduur.
- OPNEMING:**
- Indien ingesluk, spoel mond deeglik uit met water. MOENIE vomering aanmoedig nie, tensy deur 'n gifbeheersentrum of dokter aangesê word om dit te doen.
 - Indien spontane vomering voorkom, moet die persoon vooroor leun om te voorkom dat vomering ingeasem word. Laat persoon slukkies van 'n glas water neem indien in staat om te sluk.
 - Moet nooit iets per mond aan 'n bewustelose persoon toedien nie.
- NOTA AAN GENEESHEER:**
- Daar is nie 'n spesifieke teenmiddel nie. Alle behandeling moet gebaseer word op waargenome tekens en simptome van nood by die pasiënt.
- MOONTLIKE GESONDHEIDSGEVOLGE, AKUUT EN VERTRAAGD:**
- Veroorsaak vel- en oogirritasie. Effekte van blootstelling aan swael kan ulserasie van die vel, konjunktivitis, inflammasie van die neusslymvlies, kortasem, hoofpyn, naarheid en braking insluit.

WEERSTANDSWAARSKUWING

Vir weerstandsbestuur: **SunFlo 800 SC** is 'n groepkode (M02) swamdoder en (UN) insekdoder. Enige populasie van 'n spesifieke swam en insek mag individue insluit wat 'n natuurlike weerstand teen **SunFlo 800 SC**, of enige ander groepkode (M02) swamdoder en (UN) insekdoder het. Indien hierdie produk herhaaldelik aangewend word, kan die weerstandbiedende individue uiteindelik die swam- en insekpopulasie oorheers. Hierdie weerstandbiedende swamme en insekte sal waarskynlik nie deur **SunFlo 800 SC** of enige ander groepkode (M02) swamdoders en (UN) insekdoders beheer word nie.

Om weerstand teen swamdoder/insekdoder te vertraag:

- vermy die herhaaldelike gebruik van swamdoders/insekdoders met dieselfde groepkode. Wissel af, of gebruik tenkmengsels van produkte in verskillende groepkodes,
- raadpleeg toepaslike individuele produketikette wanneer daar afgewissel word, of tenkmengsels gemaak word, met produkte in ander swamdoder/insekdoder groepkodes,
- integreer ander beheermaatreëls (chemies, verbouing, biologies) in plaag- en siektebeheer programme.

Vir spesifieke inligting oor weerstandsbestuur kontak die registrasiehouer van hierdie produk of jou plaaslike verskaffer.

WERKINGSWYSE

Swael word as 'n veelvuldige swamdoder geklassifiseer. Sodra dit deur die swam opgeneem is, ontwig swael die oordrag van elektrone wat die reduksie van swael tot waterstofsulfied (H₂S) veroorsaak, wat giftig is vir die meeste sellulêre proteïene. Die weerstandsrisiko van swael word beskou as laag.

Swael se werking teen insekte is onbekend. Swael kan insekte doodmaak as hulle daaraan raak of dit eet. Dit ontwig hul normale liggaamsfunksie en verander hul vermoë om energie te produseer.

GEBRUIKSBEPERKINGS

- Moenie **SunFlo 800 SC** tydens ongunstige weerstoestande wat plante laat stres, soos hoë of lae temperature, hoë of lae humiditeit, reën of ryp toedien nie. Moenie toedien wanneer die vrugte nog nat is as gevolg van reën of dou nie.
- Verwys na **GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS** en **TOEDIENINGSTABEL** vir meer inligting.

GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS – gebruik slegs soos aangedui

OMGEWINGS TOESTANDE:

MOENIE **SunFlo 800 SC** tydens ongunstige weerstoestande soos hoë of lae temperature, hoë of lae humiditeit, reën of ryp toedien nie. MOENIE **SunFlo 800 SC** toedien wanneer die vrugte nog nat is as gevolg van reën of dou nie.

MENGINSTRUKSIES:

Vul die spuittenk halfvol met skoon water, geskik vir besproeiing. Die effektiwiteit van **SunFlo 800 SC** kan deur die kwaliteit van besproeiingswater beïnvloed word.

Meng SunFlo 800 SC vooraf as volg:

- Hanteer versigtig en dra handskoene tydens die voorbereiding van mengsel.
- Skud die **SunFlo 800 SC** houër deeglik voordat die mengsel opgemaak word.
- Voeg die korrekte hoeveelheid **SunFlo 800 SC** by 5 – 10 ℓ skoon water om 'n suspensie op te maak.
- Voeg die suspensie in die halfvol spuittenk en vul met water tot by finale volume.
- Maak seker die spuitmengsel word voortdurend gemeng, voor en tydens toediening.
- **DIE TENKMENGSEL MOET ONMIDDELIK UITGESPUIT WORD EN NIE TOEGELAAT WORD OM OORNAG IN DIE SPUITTENK TE STAAN NIE.**
- Toerusting moet deeglik na gebruik skoongemaak word en afvalwater moet op 'n wyse weggedoen word wat nie tot besoedeling van gewasse, weiding, voedsel, riviere en damme lei nie.

TOEDIENINGSTABEL		
GEWAS / SIEKTE	DOSIS: ℓ/ha	OPMERKINGS
APPELS Knopmyt <i>(Aceria sheldoni)</i> Poeragtige meeldou <i>(Podoshaera leucotricha)</i>	3.0 – 4.5 ℓ	MOENIE op swael sensitiewe kultivars toedien nie. Hoë volume voldekbepuiting nodig tydens geslote knop stadium. Voor-blom: 300 – 400 mℓ/100 ℓ water Vroeë na-blom: 250 mℓ/100 ℓ water Laat na-blom: 200 mℓ/100 ℓ water

AVOKADO'S Blaaspootjies (<i>Scirtothrips perseae</i>)	3.0 – 4.5 ℓ	Dien toe sodra pes opgemerk word.
BONE Blaaspootjies (<i>Scirtothrips</i> spp.) Rooispinmyt (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>)	2.0 – 3.0 ℓ	Voldekbespuiting wanneer pes opgemerk word. Herhaal indien nodig teen 10 – 14 dae intervalle.
ERTJIES Poeieragtige meeldou (<i>Golovinomyces orontii</i>)	2.0 – 3.0 ℓ	Dien toe sodra eerste simptome van siekte waargeneem word en herhaal elke 7 – 10 dae. Dien tot 1000 ℓ spuitmengsel/ha toe en verseker goeie bedekking.
MANGO'S Poeieragtige meeldou (<i>Oidium mangiferae</i>)	3.0 – 4.5 ℓ	Dien toe as 'n voldekbespuiting tot afloop. Begin toediening met eerste tekens van infeksie. Dien elke 14 dae toe gedurende blomperiode vanaf Julie – September.
PAMPOENGWASSE Poeieragtige meeldou (<i>Erysiphe cichoracearum</i> / <i>Sphaerotheca fuliginea</i>)	2.0 – 3.0 ℓ	MOENIE OP VOLGENDE GEWASSE TOEDIEN NIE: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▸ Spanspek ▸ Komkommers Begin toediening sodra eerste tekens van siekte opgemerk word en herhaal elke 7 – 14 dae. Afhangende van die groeifase, kan tot 1500 ℓ spuitmengsel/ha toegedien word. Verseker volledige bedekking van alle plantdele gedurende toediening.
PERSKES, PRUIME EN APPELKOSE Roes (<i>Tranzchelia</i> spp.)	1.5 – 3.0 ℓ	Winterreënval gebiede: Begin toediening vroeg November. Somerreënval gebiede: Dien toe vanaf middel Februarie of sodra eerste simptome opgemerk word.
PERSKES Poeieragtige meeldou (<i>Podosphaera pannosa</i>)	1.5 – 3.0 ℓ	Dien toe sodra eerste tekens van infeksie waargeneem word. Herhaal elke 10 – 14 dae indien die weersomstandighede gunstig is vir siekteontwikkeling. Die dosis hang af van die erns van die siekte.
SIERPLANTE EN BLOMME Blaaspootjies (<i>Frankliniella occidentalis</i>) Rooispinmyt (<i>Tetranychus urticae</i>) Poeieragtige meeldou (<i>Podosphaera</i> / <i>Erysiphe</i> spp.)	2.0 ℓ (Max)	Voldekbespuiting. Swael kan sommige sierplante/blomme beskadig. MOENIE op warm dae toedien nie. Dien weekliks toe op rose.
SITRUS		VOLDEKBESPUITING Laat 'n 4-week veiligheidsydperk toe tussen swael en mineraalolie behandelings. Dien toe wanneer myte en blaaspootjies op die vrugte teenwoordig is.
Platmyt (<i>Brevipalpus lewisi</i>) Roesmyt (<i>Phyllocoptruta oleivora</i>)	3.0 – 4.5 ℓ	Dien toe sodra die eerste tekens van letsels op die vrugte gedurende Desember – Mei voorkom. Spuit die hele boord.
Grysmyt (<i>Calacarus citrifolii</i>)		Dien toe kort na blomblaarval. Herhaal twee (2) maande later.
Silvermyt (<i>Polyphagotarsonemus latus</i>)		Dien toe in die lente.
Blaaspootjies (<i>Scirtothrips aurantii</i>)		Dien toe sodra die plaag vir die eerste keer opgemerk word. Herhaal 10 dae later indien nodig.
TAMATIES Roesmyt (<i>Aculops lycopersici</i>)	2.0 – 4.0 ℓ	Voldekbespuiting. Herhaal elke 2 – 4 weke.

<p>WINGERD Poeieragtige meeldou (<i>Erysiphe necator</i>)</p>	<p>2.0 – 3.0 ℓ</p>	<p>WINTERREËNVAL GEBIED: Dien toe wanneer die lote ongeveer 10 cm lank is en herhaal tydens blomstadium, en dan weer ongeveer die eerste week in Desember.</p> <p>SOMERREËNVAL GEBIED: Begin toediening gedurende middel somer, veral tydens droogtetoestande, of as die eerste simptome opgemerk word.</p> <p>WAARSKUWING: Swaar toediening kan brand, veral op warm dae (temperature bo 28 °C) veroorsaak. Moenie binne 6 weke voor die oes van tafeldruive toedien nie, aangesien dit 'n visuele residu-neerslag kan veroorsaak.</p>
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